CCNA Cyber Ops Certification (Coming Soon)

Modality: On Demand

Duration:

This course is for professionals planning to enroll in the 210-250 SECFND Exam & 210-255 SECOPS Exam leading to the 210-250 SECFND & 210-255 SECOPS Certification. The official exam voucher is not included in this course. However, the official exam voucher can be purchased separately on request.

About this Course:

This course introduces IT Professionals to the concepts of cybersecurity relating to TCP/IP Protocols, Threat Analysis, Identification of Malicious Activities, Effective Attack Responses, Vulnerability Fixes, Event Correlation, and many more. This course is designed for professionals who want to embark on a professional road leading to cybersecurity expert. This course provides professionals and students with all the skills needed to function as an entry-level security team member.

Course Objectives:

The core objective of this course is to help professionals gain the knowledge and understanding of the following key concepts:

- Network Security Concepts Identification
- TCP/IP Essentials and Cryptography Principles
- Log Data Interpretation and Endpoint Attacks
- Data, Source, and Event Identification and Security Monitoring
- Security Vulnerabilities and Remote Exploits
- Key Concepts, Tools, and Infrastructure of SOC
- Threat-Centric SOC Basic Incident Analysis
- Attack Vectors and Basic Event Normalization
- Mitigating Malicious Activity and Types of SOC Metrics
- Automating SOC Workflow Management System

Audience:

- Cisco Channel Partners & Security Analyst
- Network Defense Analyst and Future Incident Responders
- IT Professionals and Network Security Experts
- Network Defense Infrastructure Professionals
- Security Operation Center Professionals

Job Roles:

Information Security Analyst – Average Annual Salary \$80,865

- Network Security Engineer Average Annual Salary \$83,114
- Security Engineer Average Annual Salary \$129,847
- Cybersecurity Engineer Average Annual Salary \$130,000

Prerequisites:

Professionals planning to enroll in this course must have the fundamental knowledge of technology and a certification in any one of the following courses:

- Cisco CCENT Certification
- CompTIAA+, CompTIA Network+, and CompTIA Server+ Certification
- Microsoft Specialist, MCSE, and MCSA Certification
- Cisco CCNA1 and Cisco CCNA2 Certification
- Oracle Linux OCP and OCA Certification and Red Hat (RHCE, RHCSA, & RHCA)
 Certification
- Professional Institute (LPI), Linux Foundation (LFCE & LFCS), & CompTIA Linux+ Certification

In addition to this obligatory prerequisites, it is also recommended that professionals have a sound knowledge of Windows Operating System, Cisco Fundamental Concepts, and Networking Devices.

Course Outline:

210-250 SECFND

This course allows learners to understand common security concepts, and start to learn the basic security techniques used in a Security Operations Center (SOC) to find threats on a network using a variety of popular security tools within a "real-life" network infrastructure.

Module 1: TCP/IP and Cryptography Concepts

- Objective: Describe the concepts and usage of the TCP/IP protocol suite, network
- infrastructure, TCP/IP attacks, and cryptography.
- Lesson 1: Understanding the TCP/IP Protocol Suite
 - Objective: Describe the TCP/IP protocol suite and its functions.
 - This lesson includes these topics:
 - · OSI Model
 - Objective: Describe the OSI model and its function.
 - TCP/IP Model
 - Objective: Explain the TCP/IP protocol suite.
 - Introduction to the Internet Protocol
 - · Objective: Explain Internet Protocol characteristics.
 - IP Addressing
 - o Objective: Explain IPv4 addressing concepts.

- IP Address Classes
- Objective: Explain IPv4 address classes.
- Reserved IP Addresses
- Objective: Describe IPv4 reserved addressing space.
- Public and Private IP Addresses
- Objective: Describe the difference between public and private IP address space.
- IPv6 Addresses
- Objective: Describe IPv6 addressing.
- Introduction to the Transmission Control Protocol
- Objective: Describe TCP protocol characteristics.
- TCP Three-Way Handshake
- Objective: Explain the TCP three-way handshake process.
- Introduction to the User Datagram Protocol
- Objective: Describe the UDP protocol and how it differs from TCP.
- TCP and UDP Ports
- Objective: Explain the use of TCP and UDP ports in network communications. List
- some of the well-known ports.
- Address Resolution Protocol
- Objective: Explain how ARP provides the essential service of mapping IP addresses
- to physical addresses on a network.
- Host-to-Host Packet Delivery Using TCP
- Objective: Describe the steps required for host-to-host packet delivery using TCP.
- Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol
- Objective: Describe how the DHCP protocol functions.
- Domain Name System
- Objective: Decribe basic DNS function and operation.
- Internet Control Message Protocol
- Objective: Describe the use and role of ICMP.
- Packet Capture Using tcpdump
- Objective: This topic analyzes packet captures using tools such as tcpdump.
- Wireshark
- Objective: Describe how Wireshark is used to capture packets live and to open
- · PCAP files.
- Lesson 2: Understanding the Network Infrastructure
 - Objective: Describe network devices and the protocols running inside the network
 - infrastructure and investigate the logs that network devices generate.
 - This lesson includes these topics:
 - Analyzing DHCP Operations
 - Objective: Describe attacks that target the Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol
 - and how to monitor DHCP exchanges.
 - IP Subnetting
 - Objective: Describe how to scale IP networks with IP subnetting.
 - Hubs, Bridges, and Layer 2 Switches
 - Objective: Describe hub, bridge, and layer 2 switch operation and concepts.
 - VLANs and Trunks
 - Objective: Describe the function of VLANs and trunks at layer 2.
 - Spanning Tree Protocols
 - Objective: Describe layer 2 spanning-tree protocol.

- Standalone (Autonomous) and Lightweight Access Points
- Objective: Describe Standalone (Autonomous) and Lightweight Access Points, and
- their security vulnerabilities.
- Routers
- Objective: Describe the use of routers and the routing process used in network
- communications.
- Routing Protocols
- Objective: Describe routing protocols and attacks that can be used against them.
- Multilayer Switches
- Objective: Describe how multilayer switches operate and how frame and packet
- forwarding take place on the switch.
- NAT Fundamentals
- Objective: Describe Network Address Translation (NAT) fundamental concepts.
- Packet Filtering with ACLs
- Objective: Describe the purpose of Access List Control lists.
- ACLs with the Established Option
- Objective: Describe ACL operation when using the established option.
- Lesson 3: Understanding Common TCP/IP Attacks
 - Objective: Describe security flaws in the TCP/IP protocol and how they can be used
 - to attack networks and hosts.
 - This lesson includes these topics:
 - Legacy TCP/IP Vulnerabilities
 - Objective: Describe legacy TCP/IP vulnerabilities.
 - IP Vulnerabilities
 - Objective: Describe vulnerabilities related to the IP protocol.
 - ICMP Vulnerabilities
 - Objective: Describe vulnerabilities related to the ICMP protocol.
 - TCP Vulnerabilities
 - Objective: Describe vulnerabilities related to the TCP protocol.
 - UDP Vulnerabilities
 - Objective: Describe vulnerabilities related to the UDP protocol.
 - Attack Surface and Attack Vectors
 - Objective: Describe the attack surface and its relation to an organizations
 - vulnerability.
 - Reconnaissance Attacks
 - Objective: Describe how network data is collected through a reconnaissance attack.
 - Access Attacks
 - Objective: Describe how an access attack is used to gain unauthorized access.
 - Man-in-the-Middle (MITM) Attacks
 - Objective: Describe MITM attacks.
 - Denial of Service and Distributed Denial of Service
 - Objective: Describe how DoS and DDoS attacks are used against networks.
 - Reflection and Amplification Attacks
 - Objective: Describe how a reflection attack is used against IP hosts.
 - Spoofing Attacks
 - Objective: Describe the concepts and uses of spoofing attacks.
 - DHCP Attacks
 - Objective: Describe the concepts and use of DHCP attacks.

- Lesson 4: Understanding Basic Cryptography Concepts
 - Objective: Describe the basic concepts and uses of cryptography.
 - This lesson includes these topics:
 - Impact of Cryptography on Security Investigations
 - Objective: Describe the impact of cryptography on security investigations.
 - Cryptography Overview
 - Objective: Describe cryptography concepts.
 - Hash Algorithms
 - Objective: Describe hashing mechanisms and algorithms.
 - Encryption Overview
 - Objective: Describe encryption usage and features.
 - Cryptanalysis
 - Objective: Describe the use of cryptanalysis to break codes to decipher encrypted
 - o data.
 - Symmetric Encryption Algorithms
 - Objective: Describe the use of symmetric encryption algorithms.
 - Asymmetric Encryption Algorithms
 - Objective: Describe the use of asymmetric cryptographic algorithms.
 - Diffie-Hellman Key Agreement
 - Objective: Describe the Diffie-Hellman key agreement and Diffie-Hellman groups.
 - Use Case: SSH
 - Objective: Describe uses of the SSH protocol.
 - Digital Signatures
 - Objective: Describe the basic security services offered with the use of digital
 - o signatures.
 - PKI Overview
 - Objective: Describe PKI components and use.
 - PKI Operations
 - Objective: Describe PKI operations.
 - Use Case: SSL/TLS
 - Objective: Describe a use case for SSL/TLS.
 - Cipher Suite
 - Objective: Describe cipher suite concepts.
 - Key Management
 - Objective: Describe key management for the secure generation, verification,
 - exchange, storage, and destruction of keys.
 - NSA Suite B
 - Objective: Describe NSA Suite B cryptographic algorithms.

Module 2: Network Applications and Endpoint Security

- Lesson 1: Describing Information Security Concepts
 - · Objective: Describe information security concepts and strategies within the
 - network.
 - This lesson includes these topics:
 - Information Security Confidentiality, Integrity, and Availability
 - Objective: Describe the Information Security CIA triad.
 - Personally Identifiable Information

- Objective: Describe PII as it relates to information security.
- Risk
- Objective: Describe risk as a function of the likelihood of a given threat source's
- exercising a particular potential vulnerability.
- Vulnerability Assessment
- Objective: Describe vulnerability assessment in the context of information security.
- CVSS v3.0
- Objective: Describe the CVSS.
- Access Control Models
- Objective: Describe basic models for implementing access controls over network
- o resources.
- Regulatory Compliance
- Objective: Describe compliance regulations and their effects on an organization.
- Information Security Management
- Objective: Describe frameworks for information security management.
- Security Operations Center
- Objective: Describe the SOC components of people, processes, and technologies,
- and the reason for the SOC.
- Challenge
- Lesson 2: Understanding Network Applications
 - Objective: This lesson describes the use of network applications and how the
 - security analyst can use this knowledge to detect malicious behavior.
 - This lesson includes these topics:
 - DNS Operations
 - Objective: Explain DNS terminology and operations.
 - Recursive DNS Query
 - Objective: Describe the process of recursive DNS queries.
 - Dynamic DNS
 - o Objective: Describe the automated discovery and registration process of the client
 - public IP addresses via DDNS.
 - HTTP Operations
 - Objective: Describe HTTP operations and traffic analysis to identify anomalies in the
 - · HTTP traffic.
 - HTTPS Operations
 - Objective: Describe the use of and operation of HTTPS traffic.
 - Web Scripting
 - Objective: Describe how web scripting can be used to deliver malware.
 - SQL Operations
 - o Objective: Describe how SQL is used to query, operate, and administer relational
 - database management systems as well as how to recognize SQL based attacks.
 - SMTP Operations
 - Objective: Describe how the mail delivery process works, and SMTP conversations.
- Lesson 3: Understanding Common Network Application Attacks
 - Objective: This lesson discusses several network application-based attacks. The
 - security analyst needs to be aware of and able to detect these types of attacks.
 - This lesson includes these topics:
 - Password Attacks
 - Objective: Describe password attacks such as brute force and dictionary attacks.

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- Pass-the-Hash Attacks
- Objective: Describe pass-the-hash attacks.
- DNS-Based Attacks
- Objective: Describe DNS-based attacks.
- DNS Tunneling
- Objective: Describe DNS tunneling and its use to exfiltrate data out of their
- networks.
- Web-Based Attacks
- Objective: Describe web-based attacks and their risk to businesses.
- Malicious iFrames
- Objective: Describe malicious scripts that are hidden inside inline frames.
- HTTP 302 Cushioning
- Objective: Describe web site redirection with HTTP 302 cushioning.
- Domain Shadowing
- Objective: Describe the domain shadowing process used to hijack users' domain
- registration logins to create subdomains.
- Command Injections
- Objective: Describe command injection used to execute arbitrary commands on
- vulnerable web applications.
- SQL Injections
- o Objective: Describe how SQL injections are used against databases.
- Cross-Site Scripting and Request Forgery
- Objective: Describe how cross-site scripting and request forgery are used to
- threaten the security of web applications.
- Email-Based Attacks
- Objective: Describe how email-based attacks are used against enterprises.
- Lesson 4: Understanding Windows Operating System Basics
 - Objective: This lesson focuses on the Windows operating system feature and
 - functionality.
 - This lesson includes these topics:
 - Windows Operating System History
 - Objective: Describe the history on the Windows operating systems and
 - · vulnerabilities.
 - Windows Operating System Architecture
 - Objective: Describe the Windows OS architecture and components.
 - Windows Processes, Threads, and Handles
 - Objective: Describe Windows processes, threads, and handles.
 - Windows Virtual Memory Address Space
 - Objective: Describe virtual memory allocation in the Windows OS.
 - Windows Services
 - Objective: Describe Windows services and how they are used.
 - Windows File System Overview
 - Objective: Describe the functionality of Windows NTFS.
 - Windows File System Structure
 - Objective: Describe the Windows NTFS structure.
 - Windows Domains and Local User Accounts
 - o Objective: Describe Windows domains and local user accounts.
 - Windows Graphical User Interface

- Objective: Describe the Windows graphical user interface and its use.
- Run as Administrator
- Objective: Describe how to perform tasks in Windows which may require
- administrator privileges.
- Windows Command Line Interface
- Windows PowerShell
- Objective: Describe the features of the Windows PowerShell.
- Windows net Command
- Objective: Describe how the net command is used for Windows administration and
- o maintenance.
- Controlling Startup Services and Executing System Shutdown
- Objective: Describe how to control Windows startup services, and execute a system
- o shutdown.
- Controlling Services and Processes
- Objective: Describe how to control Windows services and processes that are
- operating on a host.
- Monitoring System Resources
- o Objective: Describe how to monitor Windows system resources with the use of
- Windows Task Manager.
- Windows Boot Process
- Objective: Describe the Windows boot process, starting services, and registry
- o entries.
- Windows Networking
- Objective: Describe how to configure Windows networking properties.
- Windows netstat Command
- Objective: Describe how to use the netstat command to view running networking
- · functions.
- Accessing Network Resources with Windows
- Objective: Describe how access Windows network resources and perform remote
- functions.
- Windows Registry
- Objective: Describe the use of the Windows registry.
- Windows Event Logs
- Objective: Describe how the Windows Event Viewer is used to browse and manage
- event logs.
- Windows Management Instrumentation
- o Objective: Describe how the Windows Management Instrumentation is used for
- management of data and operations on Windows-based operating systems.
- Common Windows Server Functions
- Objective: Describe common Windows server functions and features.
- Common Third-Party Tools
- Objective: Describe commonly used third-party tools to manage to manage
- Windows operating systems.
- Lesson 5: Understanding Linux Operating System Basics
 - Objective: Provide an overview of the Linux Operating System.
 - This lesson includes these topics:
 - History and Benefits of Linux
 - Objective: Provide brief history and benefits of Linux operating system

- Linux Architecture
- Objective: Describe Linux architecture.
- Linux File System Overview
- o Objective: Provide an overview of the Linux file system.
- Basic File System Navigation and Management Commands
- Objective: Describe basic file system navigation and management commands in
- Linux.
- File Properties and Permissions
- Objective: Describe Linux file properties and permissions.
- Editing File Properties
- Objective: Describe Linux commands that you can use to manage file permissions
- o and ownership.
- Root and Sudo
- · Objective: Describe Root and Sudo commands in Linux.
- Disks and File Systems
- Objective: Describe Linux storage disks and file systems.
- System Initialization
- Objective: Describe the Linux boot process.
- Emergency/Alternate Startup Options
- Objective: Describe alternate startup options in case Linux is experiencing problems
- or has been compromised.
- Shutting Down the System
- Objective: Describe properly procedure to shut down a Linux-based system when
- you need to bring the system down for maintenance or troubleshooting.
- System Processes
- o Objective: Describe Linux system processes.
- Interacting with Linux
- Objective: Describe mechanisms for interacting with the Linux operating system.
- Linux Command Shell Concepts
- Objective: Explore important concepts about the Linux shell and its usage.
- Piping Command Output
- Objective: Explore Linus Piping command output.
- Other Useful Command Line Tools
- Objective: Describe other useful Linux command line tools.
- Overview of Secure Shell Protocol
- Objective: Provide an overview of Secure Shell Protocol.
- Networking
- Objective: Describe Linux f tools and features for managing virtually every aspect of
- networking and connectivity configuration.
- Managing Services in SysV Environments
- Objective: Describe the process of managing services in SysV environments.
- Viewing Running Network Services
- Objective: Describe tools to track the services running in your Linux installation.
- Name Resolution: DNS
- Objective: Provide an overview of the Domain Name System.
- Testing Name Resolution
- Objective: Explore the Linux operating system tools to test name resolution.
- Viewing Network Traffic

- Objective: Explore Linux tools to viewing network traffic.
- System Logs
- Objective: Explore logging functionality in context to Linux systems.
- Configuring Remote syslog
- Objective: Configure remote syslog in context to Linux systems.
- Running Software on Linux
- Objective: Describe requirements to run software in a Linux installation.
- Executables vs. Interpreters
- Objective: Explore Linux executable files and interpreters that can execute code.
- Using Package Managers to Install Software in Linux
- Objective: Describe package managers to install software in Linux.
- System Applications
- Objective: Describe system applications used to serve clients in context to Linux.
- Lightweight Directory Access Protocol
- Objective: Provide an overview of the Lightweight Directory Access Protocol.
- Lesson 6: Understanding Common Endpoint Attacks
 - Objective: Describe various attack techniques against the endpoints.
 - This lesson includes these topics:
 - Classify Attacks, Exploits, and Vulnerabilities
 - Objective: Classify attacks, exploits, and vulnerabilities in context to endpoint
 - o attacks.
 - Buffer Overflow
 - Objective: Describe buffer overflow vulnerability.
 - Malware
 - Objective: Describe malware in context to endpoint attacks.
 - Reconnaissance
 - Objective: Describe reconnaissance in context to endpoint attacks.
 - Gaining Access and Control
 - Objective: Describe gaining access and control in context to endpoint attacks.
 - Gaining Access via Social Engineering
 - Objective: Describe how social engineering is used to gain access to endpoints.
 - Social Engineering Example: Phishing
 - Objective: Describe phishing as an example of social engineering.
 - Gaining Access Via Web-Based Attacks
 - Objective: Describe how attacker can gain access via web-based attacks.
 - Exploit Kits
 - Objective: Describe how attackers can use exploit kit to discover and exploit
 - vulnerabilities in an endpoint.
 - Rootkits
 - Objective: Describe rootkit as an attacker tool.
 - Privilege Escalation
 - Objective: Describe mechanisms that attackers can use to escalate privileges.
 - Pivoting
 - Objective: Describe how attackers use pivoting technique to expand their access in
 - a network.
 - Post-Exploitation Tools Example
 - Objective: Provide example of tools used in the post-exploitation phase of an
 - attack.

- Exploit Kit Example: Angler
- Objective: Describe Angler exploit kit chain of events.
- Lesson 7: Understanding Network Security Technologies
 - Objective: Describe how various network security technologies work together to
 - guard against attacks.
 - This lesson includes these topics:
 - Defense-in-Depth Strategy
 - Objective: Describe the traditional Defense-in-Depth approach to provide a layered
 - security by using multiple security mechanisms.
 - Defend Across the Attack Continuum
 - Objective: Describe the security model that works across the attack continuum.
 - Authentication, Authorization, and Accounting
 - Objective: Describe AAA.
 - Identity and Access Management
 - o Objective: Describe Identity and Access Management solutions.
 - Stateful Firewall
 - Objective: Describe stateful firewalls.
 - Network Taps
 - Objective: This topic describes network taps.
 - Switched Port Analyzer
 - Objective: This topic describes switched port analyzer.
 - Remote Switched Port Analyzer
 - Objective: This topic describes remote switched port analyzer.
 - Intrusion Prevention System
 - Objective: Describe Intrusion Prevention Systems.
 - IPS Evasion Techniques
 - Objective: Describe Intrusion Prevention Systems Evasion Techniques.
 - Snort Rules
 - Objective: Describe Intrusion Prevention Systems.
 - VPNs
 - Objective: Describe VPNs.
 - Email Content Security
 - Objective: Describe email content security.
 - Web Content Security
 - Objective: Describe web content security.
 - DNS Security
 - Objective: Describe DNS security.
 - Network-Based Malware Protection
 - Objective: Describe network-based malware protection.
 - Next Generation Firewall
 - Objective: Describe Next Generation Firewall.
 - Security Intelligence
 - Objective: Describe the use of security intelligence feed.
 - Threat Analytic Systems
 - Objective: Describe threat analytics systems
 - Network Security Device Form Factors
 - Objective: Describe the three network security device form factors: physical, virtual,
 - and cloud.

- Security Onion Overview
- o Objective: Describe the Security Onion open source security monitoring tool.
- Security Tools Reference
- Objective: Describe online security research tools.
- Lesson 8: Understanding Endpoint Security Technologies
 - Objective: Provides basic understanding of endpoint security and be familiar with
 - common endpoint security technologies.
 - This lesson includes these topics:
 - Host-Based Personal Firewall
 - Objective: Describe host-based personal firewall.
 - Host-Based Anti-Virus
 - Objective: Describe host-based anti-virus.
 - Host-Based Intrusion Prevention System
 - Objective: Describe host-based Intrusion Prevention System.
 - Application Whitelists and Blacklists
 - Objective: Describe application whitelists and blacklists.
 - Host-Based Malware Protection
 - Objective: Describe host-based malware protection.
 - Sandboxing
 - Objective: Describe sandboxing in context to network security.
 - File Integrity Checking
 - Objective: Describe how security analysts use file integrity checking tools.

Module 3: Security Monitoring and Analysis

- Objective: This module discusses network security monitoring, data collection, and
- data analysis.
- Lesson 1: Describing Security Data Collection
 - Objective: This lesson discusses security monitoring and analysis of logs and data
 - collected from multiple sources.
 - This lesson includes these topics:
 - Network Security Monitoring Placement
 - Objective: Describe placement of network security monitoring devices on the
 - network.
 - Network Security Monitoring Data Types
 - Objective: Describe the various types of data used in monitoring network security.
 - Intrusion Prevention System Alerts
 - Objective: Describe the importance and use of IPS alerts in network security
 - · monitoring.
 - True/False, Positive/Negative IPS Alerts
 - Objective: Describe true and false positive IPS alerts and their effects on security
 - o monitoring.
 - IPS Alerts Analysis Process
 - Objective: Describe the process of IPS alert analysis.
 - Firewall Log
 - Objective: Describe the context of a security incident in firewall syslog messages.
 - DNS Log
 - Objective: Describe the need for network DNS activity log analysis.

- Web Proxy Log
- o Objective: Describe web proxy log analysis for investigating web-based attacks.
- Email Proxy Log
- Objective: Describe email proxy log analysis for investigating email-based attacks.
- AAA Server Log
- Objective: Describe AAA server log analysis.
- Next Generation Firewall Log
- o Objective: Describe NGFW log analysis for incident investigation.
- Applications Log
- Objective: Describe application log analysis for detecting application misuse.
- Packet Captures
- Objective: Describe packet capture usage and benefits for investigating security
- o incidents.
- NetFlow
- Objective: Describe the use of NetFlow for collection and monitoring of network
- o traffic flow data.
- Network Behavior Anomaly Detection
- Objective: Describe network behavior anomaly monitoring for detecting deviations
- o from the normal patterns.
- Data Loss Detection Using Netflow Example
- Objective: Decribe using NetFlow for data loss detection.
- Security Information and Event Management Systems
- Objective: Describe the deployment and use of SIEMs to collect, sort, process,
- o prioritize, store, and report the alarms.
- Lesson 2: Describing Security Event Analysis
 - Objective: Explore the different threat models that security operations
 - organizations can reference when performing cybersecurity analysis.
 - This lesson includes these topics:
 - Cyber Kill Chain
 - · Objective: Provide overview of the cyber kill chain model that describes the
 - structure of an attack.
 - Advanced Persistent Threats
 - Objective: Describe advanced persistence threats characteristics.
 - Diamond Model for Intrusion Analysis
 - Objective: Describe the Diamond model for intrusion analysis.
 - Cybersecurity Threat Models Summary
 - Objective: Summarize cybersecurity threat models.
 - SOC Runbook Automation
 - Objective: Provide an overview of the SOC runbook automation.
 - Malware Reverse Engineering
 - Objective: Describe how malware reverse engineering can help protect or defend
 - against future attacks.
 - Chain of Custody
 - Objective: Describe chain of custody for all evidence and interacting with law
 - enforcement.
 - Challenge
 - Classroom Live Labs

Guided Lab 1: Explore the TCP/IP Protocol Suite

- Topology
- Task 1: Examine the Network Configuration on Inside-Win
- Task 2: Examine the Network Configuration on Inside-Kali
- Task 3: Verify That Peers Are Not Yet in ARP Cache
- Task 4: Initialize the Packet Capture Process
- Task 5: Generate and Capture Local LAN Traffic
- Task 6: Examine Packet Summaries
- Task 7: Examine Ethernet Headers
- Task 8: Examine an IP Header
- Task 9: Examine an ICMP Header and Data
- Task 10: Capture Communication with a Remote LAN
- Task 11: Examine How the Communication Started
- Task 12: Examine a TCP Connection
- Task 13: Examine the First HTTP Transactions
- Task 14: Examine TCP Connections
- Task 15: Compare and Contrast TCP and UDP
- Challenge

Guided Lab 2: Explore the Network Infrastructure

- Topology
- Task 1: Explore Network Switch Operation
- Task 2: Explore VLANs
- Task 3: Explore Trunking
- Task 4: Explore Routing
- Task 5: Explore NAT
- Task 6: Explore Firewalling
- Task 7: Explore DHCP Operation
- Challenge

Guided Lab 3: Explore TCP/IP Attacks

- Topology
- Task 1: Footprinting
- Task 2: Fingerprinting
- Task 3: Discrete OS Scanning
- Task 4: Malicious Route Injection
- Task 5: ARP Cache Poisoning
- Challenge

Guided Lab 4: Explore Cryptographic Technologies

- Topology
- Task 1: Demonstrate Hash Algorithms
- Task 2: Examine Hash Collisions
- Task 3: Explore MD5 and Enable Secret

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- Task 4: Demonstrate Symmetric Encryption
- Task 5: Demonstrate Asymmetric Encryption
- Task 6: Create a Key Pair and Digital Signature
- Task 7: Explore Public-Key Infrastructure
- Task 8: Capture Packets from an SSL/TLS Connection
- Task 9: Analyze SSL/TLS Negotiation
- Challenge

Guided Lab 5: Explore Network Applications

- Topology
- Task 1: Prepare to Send an Email Manually
- Task 2: Send an Email Manually
- Task 3: Follow the Email Path
- Task 4: Examine the Email
- Task 5: Send One Email the Normal Way
- Task 6: Examine Hypertext Markup Language
- Task 7: Examine Cascading Style Sheets
- Task 8: Examine JavaScript
- Task 9: Examine PHP
- Task 10: Examine Structured Query Language
- Task 11: Examine URLs
- Task 12: Capture HTTP Traffic for Analysis
- Task 13: HTTP Requests: GET and POST
- Challenge

Guided Lab 6: Explore Network Application Attacks

- Objective: This lab will explore several different classes of attacks against a targeted
- web server.
- Topology
- Task 1: Explore Vulnerability Scanning
- Task 2: Examine the Footprints of a Vulnerability Scan
- Task 3: Leverage the Vulnerability Scan Results
- Task 4: Perform an Offline Password Attack
- Task 5: Perform an Online Password Attack
- Task 6: Perform a Command Injection
- Task 7: Perform an SQL Injection
- Task 8: Account Access Via Cookie Manipulation
- Task 9: Explore Reflected Cross-Site Scripting
- Task 10: Explore Persistent Cross-Site Scripting
- Challenge

Guided Lab 7: Explore the Windows Operating System

- Objective: This lab will focus on exploring the Windows operating system and
- services discussed in the lesson.
- Topology

- Task 1: Prepare the Inside-Win VM
- Task 2: Explore Processes
- Task 3: Explore Threads
- Task 4: Explore the Registry Database
- Task 5: Explore Handles
- Task 6: Explore Windows Services
- Task 7: Explore Windows Users, Groups, and Permissions
- Task 8: Explore Windows Network Activity from the CLI
- Task 9: Explore Windows Network Activity from the GUI
- Challenge

Guided Lab 8: Explore the Linux Operating System

- Objective: This lab exercise provides you a structured experience with the Linux
- · operating system basics.
- Topology
- Task 1: Bash Shell
- Task 2: Navigate Linux Directories
- Task 3: Basic File and Directory Operations
- Task 4: File System Permissions
- Task 5: Modify Permissions
- Task 6: I/O Piping and Redirection
- Task 7: grep Command
- Task 8: Linux Processes
- Task 9: netstat Command
- Challenge

Guided Lab 9: Explore Endpoint Attacks

- Topology
- Task 1: Perform Reconnaissance
- Task 2: Exploit a Misconfiguration
- Task 3: Exploit a Back Door
- Task 4: Escalate a Privilege Escalation
- Task 5: Exploit an Operating System Flaw
- Task 6: Use a Pivot
- Task 7: Employ Social Engineering/Phishing
- Task 8: Establish Persistence
- Task 9: Tunnel Exfiltrated Data
- Challenge

Guided Lab 10: Explore Network Security Technologies

- Topology
- Task 1: Examine Interface Access Policy on the ABC-ASA
- Task 2: Demonstrate Stateful Inspection of TCP
- Task 3: Examine Application Policy on the ABC-ASA
- Task 4: Examine Remote Access VPNs

- Task 5: Examine Network IDS
- Task 6: Examine the Squid Web Proxy
- Challenge

Guided Lab 11: Explore Endpoint Security

- Objective: Explore the behavior of two endpoint security applications that are part
- · of the base Windows operating system distribution: Windows Defender and
- Windows Firewall.
- Topology
- Task 1: Explore Windows Defender
- Task 2: Explore Windows Firewall
- Task 3: Explore IPtables and TCP wrappers
- Challenge

Guided Lab 12: Explore Security Data for Analysis

- Objective: This lab focuses on the analysis of event data for investigation of a
- security event.
- Topology
- Task 1: Explore Alert Data
- Task 2: Extracted Content
- Task 3: Sandbox Analysis
- Task 4: Transaction Data
- Task 5: Session Data
- Task 6: Full Packet Capture
- Challenge

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Module 1: SOC Overview

- Lesson 1: Defining the Security Operations Center
- Lesson 2: Understanding NSM Tools and Data
- Lesson 3: Understanding Incident Analysis in a Threat-Centric SOC
- Lesson 4: Identifying Resources for Hunting Cyber Threats

Module 2: Security Incident Investigations

- Lesson 1: Understanding Event Correlation and Normalization
- Lesson 2: Identifying Common Attack Vectors
- Lesson 3: Identifying Malicious Activity
- · Lesson 4: Identifying Patterns of Suspicious Behavior
- Lesson 5: Conducting Security Incident Investigations

Module 3: SOC Operations

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- Lesson 1: Describing the SOC Playbook
- Lesson 2: Understanding the SOC Metrics
- Lesson 3: Understanding the SOC WMS and Automation
- Lesson 4: Describing the Incident Response Plan
- Lesson 5: Appendix A—Describing the Computer Security Incident Response Team
- Lesson 6: Appendix B—Understanding the use of VERIS

Classroom Live Labs

- Guided Lab 1: Explore Network Security Monitoring Tools
 - Task 1: Prepare the Lab Environment
 - Task 2: Analyze Alerts
 - Task 3: Extract Content from Packet Captures
 - Task 4: Analyze Malware
 - Task 5: Search Bro Data Using ELSA
 - Challenge
- Discovery 1: Investigate Hacker Methodology
 - Task 1: Scanning and Analyzing Reconnaissance Activity
 - o Task 2: Analyzing the Weaponization, Delivery, and Exploitation Phases of the
- Kill Chain Model
 - Task 3: Persistence on the Target Machine
 - Task 4: Host-Based Analysis
 - Task 5: Identifying Data Exfiltration
 - Challenge
- Discovery 2: Hunt Malicious Traffic
 - Task 1: Threat Simulation
 - Task 2: Combing Network Traffic with ELSA
 - Task 3: Pivot to Wireshark with capME!
 - Task 4: Analyzing Exfiltration Data
 - Task 5: Confirm A Backdoor
 - Challenge
- Discovery 3: Correlate Event Logs, PCAPs, and Alerts of an Attack
 - Task 1: Examine OSSEC Alerts
 - Task 2: Find and Correlate Additional Activity
 - Challenge
- Discovery 4: Investigate Browser-Based Attacks
 - Task 1: Setting up Security Onion
 - Task 2: SQL Injection
 - Task 3: Cross Site Scripting Attack
 - Task 4: Local File Inclusion and Directory Traversal
 - Challenge
- Discovery 5: Analyze Suspicious DNS Activity
 - Task 1: Investigate DNS Fast Fluxing
 - Task 2: Perform DNS Exfiltration
 - Task 3: Analyze DNS Exfiltration Activities
 - Challenge
- Discovery 6: Investigate Suspicious Activity Using Security Onion
 - Task 1: Identify Suspicious Domain Names

- Task 2: Identify Suspicious User Agents
- Task 3: Upload Malware to Malwr.com
- · Challenge
- Discovery 7: Investigate Advanced Persistent Threats
 - Task 1: Investigate Sguil Alerts
 - Task 2: Investigate Suspicious Packet Captures
 - Task 3: Implement New Custom Snort Rule
 - Challenge
- Discovery 8: Explore SOC Playbooks
 - Task 1: Access ELSA on the Security Onion VM
 - Task 2: Play: 404s Indicating Web Recon
 - Task 3: Play: Posts to Dynamic DNS Sites
 - Task 4: Play: DNS over TCP
 - Task 5: Play: HTTP Header Host Field Containing IP Address
 - Task 6: Play: Known Botnet C2 Domains (Manual Play)
 - Task 7: Play: Explore the Raw Bro Log Files
 - Task 8: Play: Known Botnet C2 Domains (Semi-Automated Play)
 - Task 9: Play: Malicious Files (Manual Play)
 - Task 10: Play: Malicious Files (Semi-Automated Play)
 - Task 11: Play: Large File Transfers (Semi-Automated Play)
 - Challenge
 - Challenge

Contact Us: (866) 991-3924